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## Amendments to the claims:

Please amend Claims 28, 31, 35-44, 49 and 53 as set forth below.

Please cancel Claims 29-30, 32-33, 45-48, 52, 54, 57, 60-63 and 70-72 are cancelled without prejudice or disclaimer.

The listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings of claims in the application.

## Listing of the claims:

- 1.-27. (Canceled).
- (Currently amended) A method of reducing treating a viral infection load of a herpes infection in an interstitial space of a mammal, the method comprising:

selectingidentifying a mammal infected by an envelope virus or suspected of having been infected by an envelopea herpes virus in an interstitial space;

providing said mammal an amount of a pharmaceutical composition consisting essentially of beta-cyclodextrin; and

measuring the reduction of the viral load of herpes in the interstitial space of administering to the mammal an amount of a cholesterol-sequestering agent effective to reduce viral load in the mammal.

- (Cancelled) The method of claim 28, wherein the cholesterol-sequestering agent 29. is a cyclodextrin.
- 30. (Cancelled) The method of claim 29, wherein the cyclodextrin is a betacyclodextrin.
- 31. (Currently amended) The method of claim [[30]]28, wherein the beta-cyclodextrin is 2-OH-propyl-beta-cyclodextrin.

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 (Cancelled) The method of claim 28, wherein the amount of the cholesterolsequestering agent administered to the mammal is effective to reduce viral load in the blood of the mammal.

- 33. (Cancelled) The method of claim 28, wherein the amount of the cholesterol-sequestering agent administered to the mammal is effective to reduce viral load in an interstitial space of the mammal.
- (Original) The method of claim 28, further comprising administering to the mammal an amount of a cholesterol lowering agent effective to reduce the level of serum cholesterol in the mammal.
- (Currently amended) The method of claim 28, wherein the <u>beta-cyclodextrin</u> <u>cholesterol sequestering agent</u> is <u>administered provided</u> intravenously.
- (Currently amended) The method of claim 35, wherein the <u>beta-cyclodextrin</u> eholesterol sequestering agent is administered <u>provided</u> by a bolus injection.
- 37. (Currently amended) The method of claim 35, wherein the <a href="https://documents.org/beta-cyclodextrin">beta-cyclodextrin</a>
  <a href="https://documents.org/beta-cyclodextring-agent-is-infused-into-the-mammal-over-a-period-of-at-least-two-minutes.">https://documents.org/beta-cyclodextring-agent-is-infused-into-the-mammal-over-a-period-of-at-least-two-minutes.</a>
- (Currently amended) The method of claim 37, wherein the <u>beta-cyclodextrin</u> eholesterol sequestering agent is administrated <u>provided</u> in at least two intravenous administrations separated by an interval of at least one hour.
- 39. (Currently amended) The method of claim 37, wherein the <u>beta-cyclodextrin</u> eholesterol sequestering agent is administered <u>provided</u> in at least four intravenous administrations separated by an interval of at least 12 hours.
- (Currently amended) The method of claim 28, wherein the <u>beta-cyclodextrin</u> eholesterol sequestering agent is eo-administered <u>provided</u> with at least one antiviral agent.
- (Currently amended) The method of claim 28, wherein the method comprises
  measuring the titer of the envelope virus after administration of providing the beta-cyclodextrin
  eholesterol-sequestering agent.

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(Currently amended) The method of claim 28, wherein the method comprises
measuring the titer of the envelope virus before administration of providing the <u>beta-cyclodextrin</u>
cholesterol sequestering agent.

- 43. (Currently amended) The method of claim 28, wherein the method comprises measuring an immune response in the mammal against the envelope herpes virus after administration of providing the beta-cyclodextrin cholesterol-sequestering agent.
- 44. (Currently amended) The method of claim 28, wherein the method comprises measuring an immune response in the mammal against the envelope herpes virus before administration of providing the beta-cyclodextrin eholesterol-sequestering agent.
- (Cancelled) The method of claim 28, wherein the cholesterol-sequestering agent is administered to a dermal surface of the mammal.
- 46. (Cancelled) The method of claim 45, wherein the mammal has a skin lesion resulting from an infection by the envelope virus, and wherein the cholesterol-sequestering agent is applied topically to the skin lesion.
- (Cancelled) The method of claim 46, wherein the topical administration of the cholesterol-sequestering agent results in a reduction in viral load in the skin lesion.
  - 48. (Cancelled) The method of claim 46, wherein the envelope virus is a herpes virus.
- (Currently amended) The method of claim [[48]]28, wherein the herpes virus is human herpes virus 1.
- 50. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 48, wherein the herpes virus is human herpes virus 2.
  - 51. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 46, wherein the envelope virus is a poxvirus.
- (Cancelled) The method of claim 45, wherein the cholesterol-sequestering agent is administered to the dermal surface in the form of a cream.
- (Currently amended) The method of claim [[45]]28, wherein the <u>beta-cyclodextrin</u> cholesterol-sequestering agent is eo-administered provided with at least one antiviral agent.

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54. (Cancelled) A method of treating or preventing an infection in a mammal, the method comprising: selecting a mammal infected by a microorganism or suspected of having been infected by a microorganism, wherein during at least a portion of its life cycle the microorganism enters a cell of the mammal by endocytosis; and administering to the mammal an amount of a cholesterol-sequestering agent effective to reduce the load of the microorganism in the mammal.

- 55. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 54, wherein the microorganism is a bacterium.
- (Withdrawn) The method of claim 54, wherein the microorganism is a
  mycobacterium.
  - 57. (Cancelled) The method of claim 54, wherein the microorganism is a virus.
  - 58. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 54, wherein the microorganism is a fungus.
  - 59. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 54, wherein the microorganism is a protozoan.
- (Cancelled) The method of claim 54, wherein the cholesterol-sequestering agent is administered to the upper respiratory tract of the mammal.
- (Cancelled) The method of claim 54, wherein the cholesterol-sequestering agent is administered to the lower respiratory tract of the mammal.
- (Cancelled) The method of claim 54, wherein the cholesterol-sequestering agent is administered to the mammal by inhalation.
- (Cancelled) The method of claim 54, wherein the cholesterol-sequestering agent is administered to the mammal by intrathecal administration.
  - 64.-69. (Canceled).
  - 70. (Cancelled) The method of claim 57, wherein the virus is an envelope virus.
- 71. (Cancelled) The method of claim 70, wherein the envelope virus is a human herpes virus.

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 $72. \hspace{0.5cm} \hbox{(Cancelled) The method of claim 71, wherein the human herpes virus is human herpes virus 1.}$ 

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